TRY-BUY-ADAPT

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Program Executive Office for Simulation, Training, and Instrumentation (PEO STRI)

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Problem Statement

- In the US Department of Defense (DoD), following a waterfall process can produce high quality products but often the products are **no longer relevant** by the time they reach their users.
- The commercial sector is developing key technologies and applications that have the potential for **cost-effective adaptation** for defense use cases such as mission rehearsal and training.
- The exploitation of **commercial technologies** and use of **open architectures** can improve efficiencies, enabling the military modeling and simulation community to effectively respond to dynamic environments with rapidly changing threats.

Purpose

- Discuss how PEO STRI utilized **commercial technologies** and **open architecture** to release an initial cyber training prototype as well as a subsequent release within one year of receiving funding.
  - PEO STRI leveraged a **Try-Buy-Adapt** Acquisition Strategy and **Microservice Architecture**
- Provide challenges and lessons learned regarding **Try-Buy-Adapt** Acquisition Strategy and **Microservice Architecture** adoption
- **Vision:** Continued microservice architecture adoption will increase release frequency to quarterly and perhaps monthly.

PCTE Vision

FOR Cyber Mission Forces (CMF)

WHO Need a High Fidelity, Persistent Training Environment to Conduct the Spectrum of Cyberspace Operations

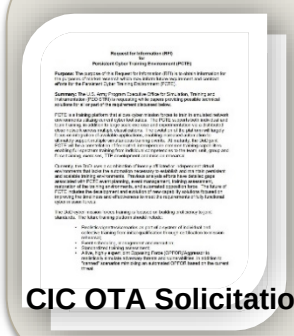
THE PCTE provides a holistic, on-demand platform

THAT Enables end-to-end planning, preparation, execution & assessment across the training continuum

UN-LIKE Stove-piped, manpower & time-intensive training environments

Provides a standardized platform with ecosystem of capabilities to shape, execute & re-use multiple training environments/scenarios

TRY-BUY-ADAPT



CIC OTA Solicitation

Try: Cyber Innovation Challenge (CIC) Assessment

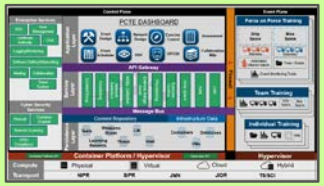
- Identify large capability gaps
- Write CIC solicitation
- Down-select Industry COTS best-of-breed prototypes
- Conduct demo of candidate solutions for CMF evaluation
- Assess PCTE integration readiness of candidate solutions

METOVA
ManTech SCYTHE
SimSpace UKI
APTIMA Human-Centered Engineering®
CIRCADENCE

Buy: License Products and Procure Services

Utilize Other Transaction Authority (OTA) Vehicles

- License COTS products for adaptation
- Procure services to integrate COTS products, add new features, and conduct pilots



PCTE Reference Architecture

Adapt: Integrate Products using Open Architecture

- Leverage open architectures and standards to facilitate integration
- Integrate COTS products and add new features
- Leverage COTS enterprise middleware to integrate products
- Deliver though monthly agile scrum process

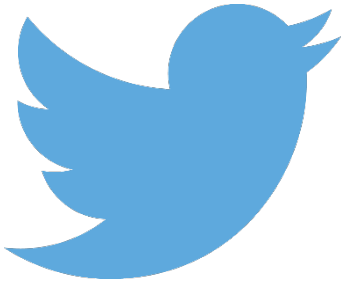
Try-Buy-Adapt Lessons Learned

Challenge	Lesson Learned
How do I identify the right scope for CICs to ensure that capabilities can be assessed?	• **Problem:** During the CIC-1, vendors could demonstrate all cyber training capabilities which made it difficult to create evaluation criteria and subsequently assess the products. • **Solution:** In CIC-2 and CIC-3, we identified specific cyber training capabilities which made it easier to develop evaluation criteria.
How do I train the CIC evaluators to ensure the data collected is meaningful?	• **Problem:** During CIC-1, the evaluators did not receive training so the first few demonstrations were essentially practice. • **Solution:** In CIC-2 and CIC-3, training was provided on the process, tools, and evaluation criteria so the evaluators could perform meaningful assessments.
How do I ensure the solutions chosen by the evaluators can be integrated into PCTE?	• **Problem:** One solution chosen by the evaluators in CIC-1 could not be easily integrated into PCTE. • **Solution:** In CIC-3, a software architect was included in the selection process to ensure the capabilities selected by the evaluators can be integrated into PCTE.

Microservice Architecture

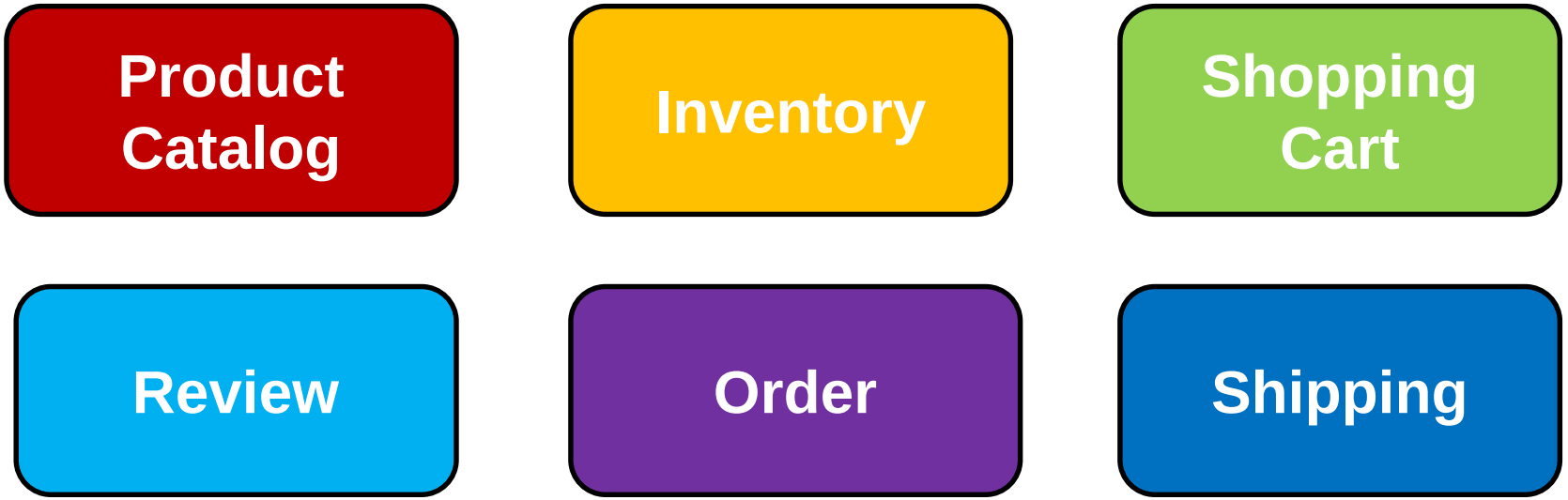
The microservices architecture is a design approach that enables **rapid releasing of software** by developing an application from a **collection of loosely coupled services.** Each service provides a **single business capability**.

Microservice Pioneers and Adopters



Notional Microservice Architecture

For example, a notional online store may consist of the following services. Each service provides **a single business capability**:



PCTE Microservice Architecture

PCTE consists of but is not limited to the following services. Each service provides **a single business capability**:

- **Content Repository**
- **Training Package**
- **Scheduling**
- **Network Design**
- **Exercise Control**
- **Assessment**

Rapid Software Releases

Microservice Architecture enables **rapid software releases** by allowing agile teams to **independently** develop, test, and deploy each service.

How do agile teams independently develop, test, and deploy each service?

Independent Development

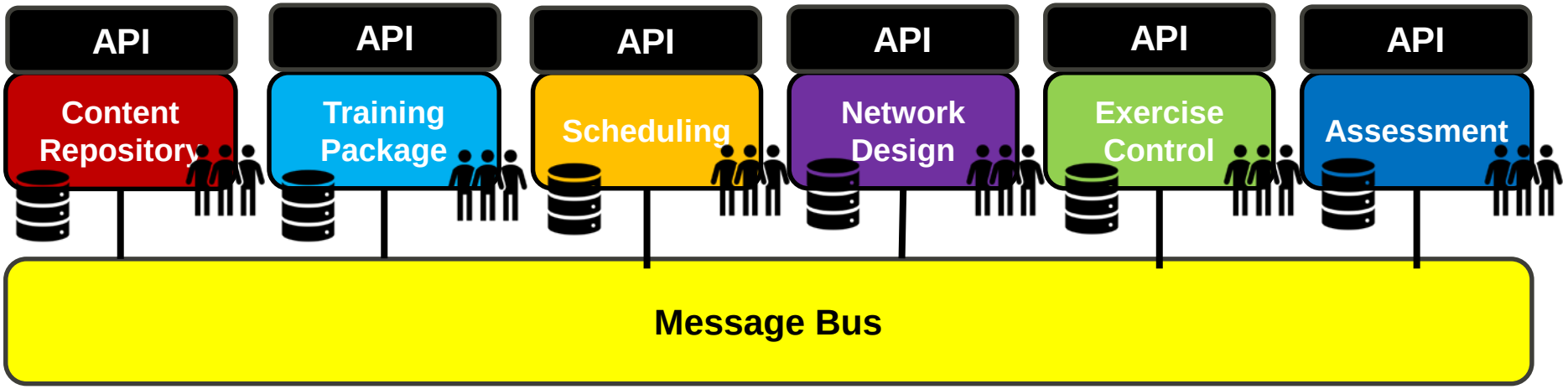
How do agile teams **independently develop**, test, and deploy each service?

Limit dependencies between teams by following these best practices:

- No shared software libraries
- No shared databases
- Loose coupling via well-defined APIs and inter-service communication through a message bus using a publish-subscribe model.

PCTE Team has no visibility of COTS internals

Ongoing PCTE effort

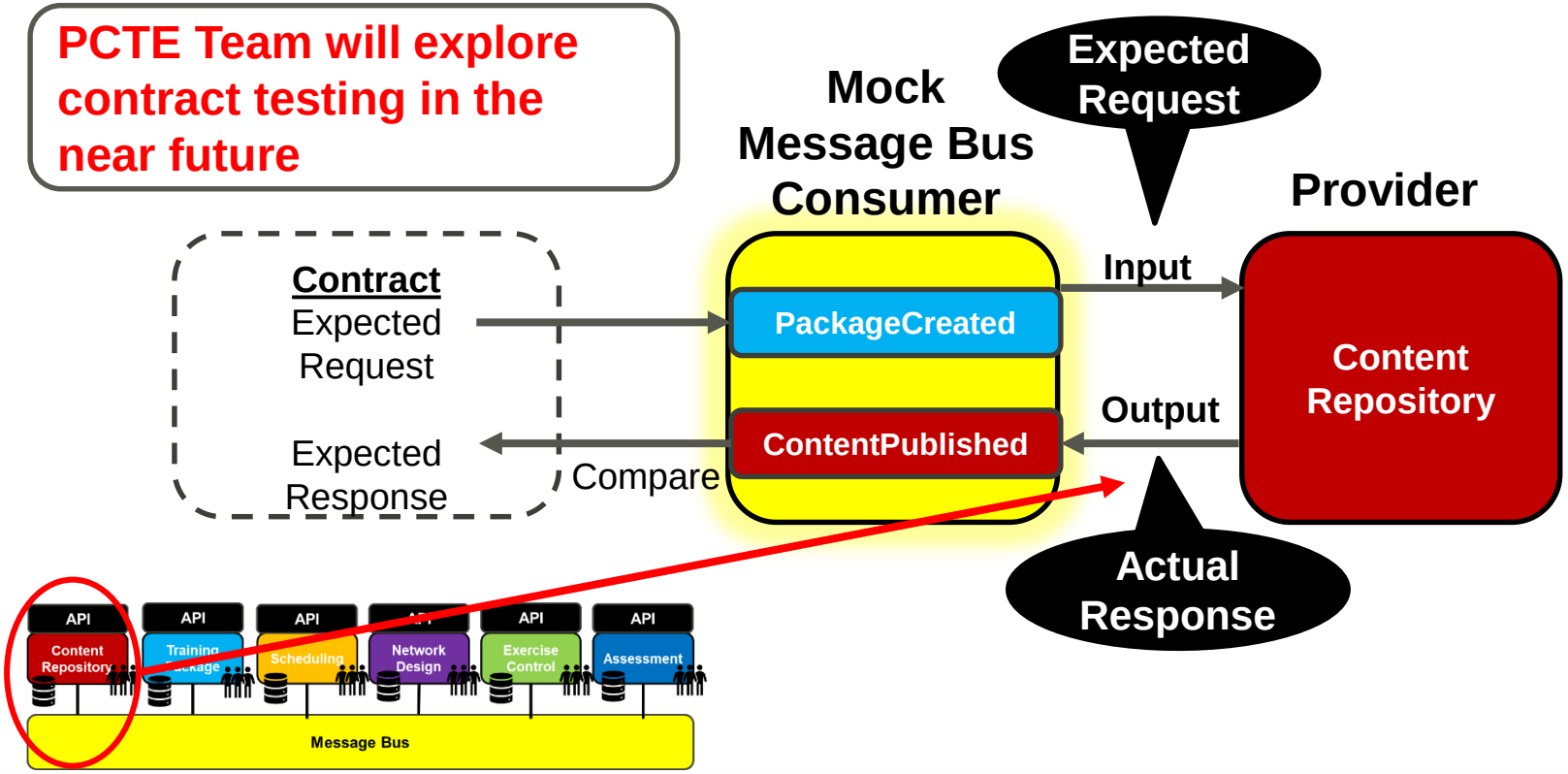


Independent Testing

How do agile teams **independently** develop, **test**, and deploy each service?

Implement **Contract testing** which is a technique to ensure that microservices will work together **prior to conducting an expensive integration test.**

PCTE Team will explore contract testing in the near future



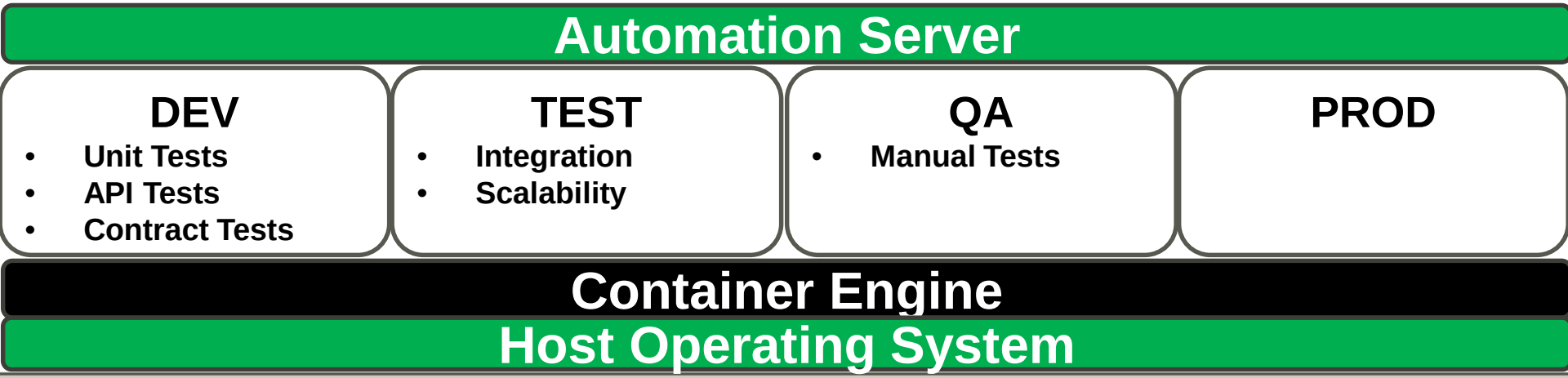
Independent Deployment

How do agile teams **independently** develop , test , and **deploy** each service?

Completed

- Adopt containers which **deploy in seconds** and support rapid testing.
- Construct **Continuous Integration / Continuous Delivery (CI/CD) pipelines** with automation servers to automate the testing and promotion of microservices from DEV->PROD
- **Independently promote** microservices between environments

Future PCTE Effort



Summary

- The military modeling and simulation community cannot afford to continue the waterfall government-based development that **takes years to field** a capability to the warfighter.
- Acquiring **commercial technologies** and leveraging **open architectures** allows the acquisition community to field capabilities in significantly less time.
- Continued use of CICs (**Try-Buy-Adapt**), coupled with **microservice architecture adoption** throughout PCTE's life cycle, will enable the Army to **rapidly deliver new features** to the CMF, and evolve the PCTE platform based on changes to technology, threat, and tactics, techniques, and procedures (TTPs).

Question & Answers